

**ANALYSIS OF COHESION ERRORS IN ALEXANDER HERY'S SHARIA
ACCOUNTING BOOKS WITH A FOCUS ON STUDYING THE USE OF INTER
SENTENCE CONJUNCTIONS**

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ABSTRACT

The number of errors in the use of conjunctions in writing academic books makes the authors interested in carrying out research related to the cohesion of a paragraph in academic books. The purpose of this research is to describe the cohesion errors that exist in Alexander Hery's Islamic Accounting book. The method used is a qualitative method with a descriptive approach. The data source of this research is Alexander Hery's Islamic Accounting book. The data of this research are sentences in paragraphs that contain cohesion errors. Data analysis was carried out using descriptive qualitative analysis techniques. The results of this study indicate that there is cohesion in the use of conjunctions between sentences twelve times in the Islamic Accounting book. Researchers found an error in the use of the word "yang" used at the beginning of the sentence as connecting conjunction between the first sentence to the next sentence which makes the sentence in the paragraph difficult to understand. The conclusion is that there are still errors in the use of conjunctions in the Islamic Accounting book by Alexander Hery.

Keywords: Language Error, Cohesion, conjunctions between sentences

ABSTRAK

Banyaknya kesalahan penggunaan konjungsi dalam penulisan buku akademik membuat penulis menjadi tertarik untuk melaksanakan penelitian terkait kekohesian sebuah paragraf pada buku akademik. Tujuan penelitiannya yaitu untuk mendeskripsikan kesalahan kohesi yang ada dalam buku Akuntansi Syariah Alexander Hery. Metode yang digunakan adalah metode kualitatif dengan pendekatan deskriptif. Sumber data penelitian ini adalah buku Akuntansi Syariah Alexander Hery. Data penelitian ini adalah kalimat dalam paragraf yang terdapat kesalahan kohesi. Analisis data dilakukan dengan teknik analisis kualitatif deskriptif. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa terjadi kesalahan kohesi penggunaan konjungsi antarkalimat sebanyak duabelas kali dalam buku Akuntansi Syariah, Peneliti menemukan kesalahan penggunaan kata "yang" digunakan pada awal kalimat sebagai konjungsi penghubung antara kalimat pertama ke kalimat selanjutnya yang membuat kalimat dalam paragraf tersebut menjadi sulit dipahami. Kesimpulannya bahwa masih terdapat kesalahan penggunaan konjungsi dalam buku Akuntansi Syariah karya Alexander Hery.

Kata Kunci: Kesalahan Berbahasa, Kohesi, Konjungsi antar kalimat

INTRODUCTION

The importance of the role and position of the Indonesian language, therefore efforts to preserve the language must continue to be improved so that the Indonesian language is maintained and can be mastered by all levels of society. This preservation effort can be seen from the existence of language training both orally and in writing organized by various parties. Indonesian in higher education is one of the compulsory subjects that must be studied in all faculties and departments. It is intended that students or prospective academics understand four aspects of language skills, namely: 1) listening skills; 2) speaking; 3) reading, and 4) writing as a basis for knowing how to use Indonesian properly and correctly.

Nevertheless, the facts show that the Indonesian people, especially academics, in the practice language activities still make mistakes. The books that have been published in the market are also not free from mistakes. Rifai (2001) states that many Indonesian scientists cannot use Indonesian effectively, and are unable to compose cohesive sentences in a paragraph so they are difficult to understand as a unified whole.

Language errors are the use of speech forms of various linguistic units which include words, sentences, and paragraphs, which deviate from the standard system of Indonesian language rules, as well as the use of spelling and punctuation that deviate from the established spelling and punctuation system. According to Supriani (2016), language errors are the use of a form of speech from various linguistic elements including, words, phrases, clauses, and sentences that deviate from the predetermined linguistic rules. Errors in academic books vary. Tanjung (2005) stated that generally the errors were reasoning errors, ambiguity, waste, incomplete sentences, spelling errors, errors in formation, and paragraph development.

Paragraphs have an important role in written communication. A good paragraph consists of a series of sentences that are interrelated in meaning and intertwined in meaning from one sentence to another from beginning to end. A good paragraph also has one main idea, one meaning, one message, whole and coherent. Cohesion and coherence in paragraphs support each other and are interrelated like two sides of a coin. A good and complete paragraph has cohesive sentences as a

cohesive form that structurally forms a syntactic bond of sentences. A good paragraph also fulfills cohesion which is manifested in a coherent relationship between paragraphs to form a wider text.

The term cohesion means paragraph unity. Paragraph unity is all the sentences put forward in a paragraph that has a single idea that together states a certain thing or theme. Cohesion is an aspect of form that refers to the formal aspects of language, namely how propositions relate to each other to form a text, Tarigan (2013). In line with Tarigan's opinion, Alwi (2001) also explains that a paragraph that has unity is controlled by the main idea. Cohesion is the unity between sentences in forming a complete paragraph to facilitate the delivery of messages to the reader. Thus, cohesion is one of the standards that marks that a paragraph is considered communicative with the use of appropriate conjunctions between sentences.

Conjunctions between sentences are conjunctions or conjunctions that connect one sentence to another. Therefore, this conjunction always starts a new sentence. Mubarok (2015) also investigated the error in using conjunctions between sentences in his research entitled "Analysis of errors in the use of conjunctions in argumentation essays by students of X SMA Ar-Ridwan Bekasi in the academic year 2011-2013". As a result, the researchers found 11 errors in the use of conjunctions between sentences in the argumentation essays of students X SMA Ar-Ridwan Bekasi. Then Mariyana (2019) in her research on language errors entitled "Analysis of Sentence Errors in the 2014 Education and Teacher Training Journal Article at the Open University Postgraduate Program" the result is that there are still errors in the use of conjunctions between sentences used by students.

Based on the description above, the authors are interested in carrying out research with the title "Analysis of Cohesion Errors in Alexander Hery's Islamic Accounting Book With a Focus on Studying the Use of Conjunctions Between Sentences". The purpose of this study is to describe cohesive language errors with a focus on studying the use of conjunctions between sentences in Alexander Hery's Islamic Accounting book.

METHODS

The method used is a qualitative method with a descriptive approach. In line with that, according to Moleong (2007), qualitative descriptive research is research whose data are in the form of words, pictures, and not numbers. The data source of this research is Alexander Hery's Islamic Accounting book. The data of this research are sentences or paragraphs that contain cohesion errors. Data analysis was carried out using descriptive qualitative analysis techniques. The processing steps are data reduction, data display, conclusion, and verification.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Results

The analysis of linguistic errors in Alexander Hery's Islamic Accounting book focuses on aspects of cohesion errors in the use of conjunctions between sentences. As a result, the authors found twelve errors in the use of conjunctions between sentences.

The following is a sample of data that contains cohesion errors in conjunctions between sentences. The error analysis is as follows.

"The rational economic man as proposed by neoclassical economics is an unwanted fantasy. The most appropriate applied in the Islamic economic system is a Muslim man. According to Siddiqi, a Muslim (Islamic man) in economic activity is not only concerned with himself but must also care about the welfare of others, by increasing cooperation and virtue. The work done is seen as an individual's obligation to fulfill the needs of his life and his family, as well as a means of worshipping Allah SWT.

language errors are found in the use of the word "yang" which is used as a conjunction between sentences. If analyzed in the types of conjunctions between sentences, there is no conjunction of the word "which" because the word "yang" is used to state that the next word is prioritized or distinguished from the others. For example "kind person" is used to explain that the next word takes precedence. Then the next word is used as an explanation of the previous word in a sentence. For example: stating "he found a beggar who was taking shelter under the tamarind tree." It can be analyzed that the example shows that the word "yang" is used to explain the next part of the sentence explaining the word in front.

Discussion

Based on the results of the description above, it is known that the use of the word "yang" to be used as a conjunction between sentences is not in accordance with the function so that the paragraph becomes ambiguous, it is difficult to understand the ideas conveyed properly. Errors in the use of conjunctions between sentences were also found by Damanik (2011) in his research entitled "Analysis of Errors in Using Conjunctions in the Editorial of the New Sinar Indonesia Newspaper". As a result, a study by the Sinar Indonesia Baru newspaper found errors in the use of inappropriate conjunctions including the words "or", "and", and "is". Based on this description, it strengthens the statement that the understanding of the use of proper conjunctions when writing is still minimally understood by academics. Then in Alexander Hery's Islamic Accounting book, the author analyzes the appropriate conjunctions to replace the word "yang" by using contradictory conjunctions to clarify the differences to be conveyed.

CONCLUSION

It can be said that in the book of Islamic Accounting by Alexander Hery the author found a cohesion error in the use of conjunctions between sentences that were not appropriate, the error was found twelve times where the word "which" was used as a liaison between sentences so that the sentences became incoherent and difficult to reach. The right conjunction to use in this error is a respectable conjunction to explain the difference you want to convey.

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